# Biofuels – An Answer to a Nursery Manager's Prayer

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Biofuels Center of North Carolina



#### **CAN DO! CLUB**

## This harvesting crew logs some impressive production figures

In 1980, Union Camp Corp.'s Savannah, Ga., mill began construction of a state-of-the-art boiler to be fired with coal and wood waste.

As part of that project, the firm's Woodlands Division formed a fuel fiber harvesting crew to provide a portion of the fuel for the boiler.

The crew uses conventional logging equipment for felling, skidding and chipping. It works mainly on fee lands, removing unmerchantable standing residual trees left by conventional logging operations.

While this operation is not a new concept, the results achieved are.

In 1985, the crew increased production by 30% and lowered costs by 25% over the preceding year. In the five years the crew has been in operation, production has been hiked by more than 107%.

Last year, the crew established the following production records for the Savannah mill:

- Single-day production of 20 loads.
- Five-day production of 82
- Five-day delivery of 107 loads.



The Woodlands Division crew that set records at Union Camp's Savannah, Ga., mill are (kneeling, from left) Joe Brunson, Jimmy Haire, Roy Brunson; (standing) Mike Snell, Jimmy Leggett, Sam Smith, Dean McCraw and Ken Sapp. Tommy Leggett is missing from the photo.

- Weekly ton per man-hour rate of 4.59.
- Monthly ton per man-hour rate of 4.13.
- Monthly production of 6,284 tons.
- Annual ton per man-hour rate of 3.49.
- Annual production of 66,247 tons. For those impressive figures, the PIMA tiger tips his Can Do! cap.



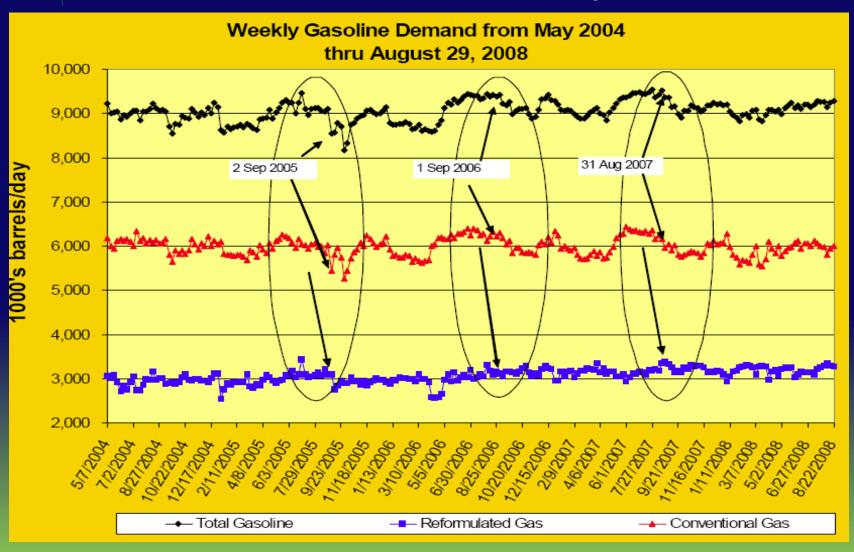
United States consumers use:

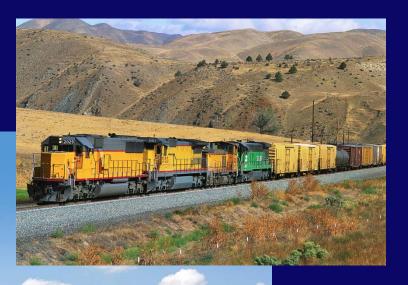
140

billion gallons of gasoline per year



# Gasoline Demand US Market: 140 Billion Gallons per Year





# United States consumers use:

45

billion gallons of diesel fuel per year





60%

of all US petroleum products are imported from other countries.

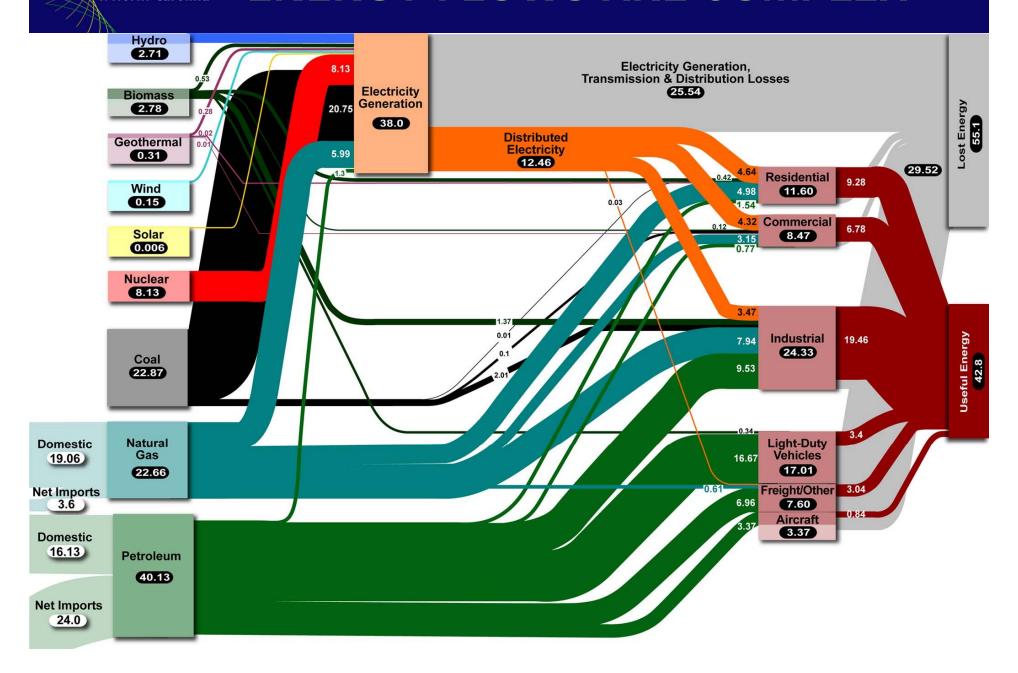


## North Carolina's Strategic Plan for Biofuels Leadership



Biofuels Center

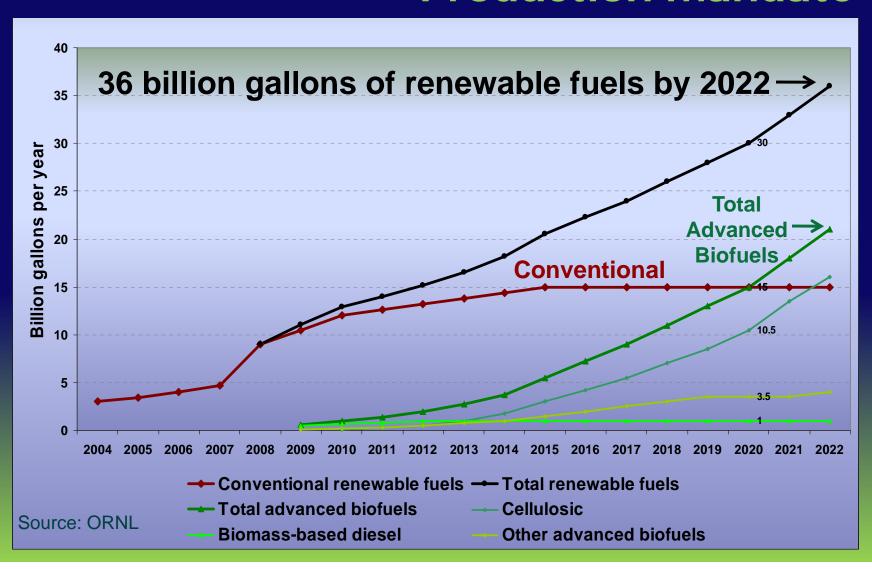
#### of North Carolina ENERGY FLOWS ARE COMPLEX



## **US Energy Bill**

(Energy Independence & Security Act 2007)

#### **Production mandate**





## BIOFUELS 101



## What is Bioethanol?

oThe most widely used biofuel today

Also known as ethyl alcohol or grain alcohol

<sub>o</sub>Can be used either as an alternative fuel or as an octane-boosting, pollution-reducing additive to gasoline

oAn alcohol fuel made from sugars and starch found in plants



### What is Biodiesel?

- A clean burning alternative fuel
- <sup>o</sup>Produced from domestic, renewable resources such as new and used vegetable oils and animal fats
- Primarily produced through base catalyzed transesterification
- Simple to use, biodegradable, nontoxic, and essentially free of sulfur and aromatics
  Can be blended at any level with petroleum

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diesel



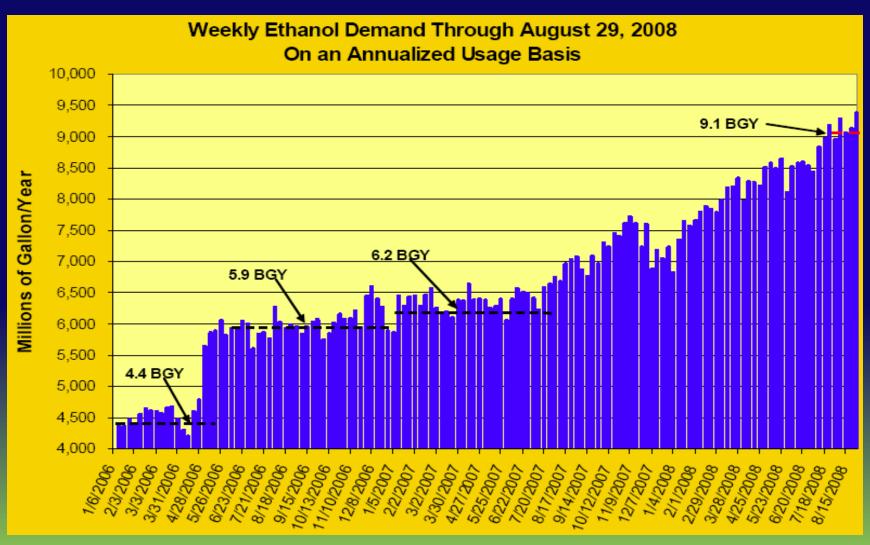
### **The Ethanol Benchmark**

#### Corn – Considered the "benchmark" in the US

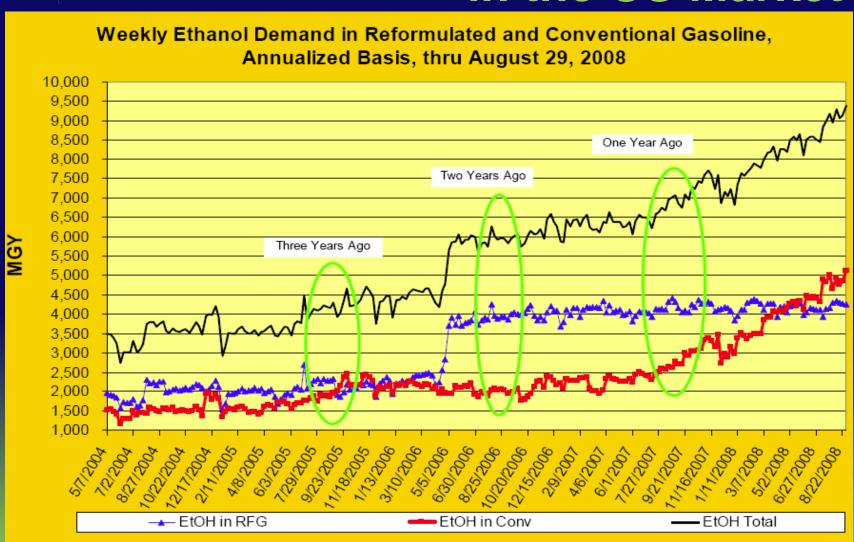
- Nearly all of the ten billion gallons of fuel ethanol produced in the US comes from corn
- In North Carolina, we're looking for alternatives to corn that can grow well in our soils and climate conditions

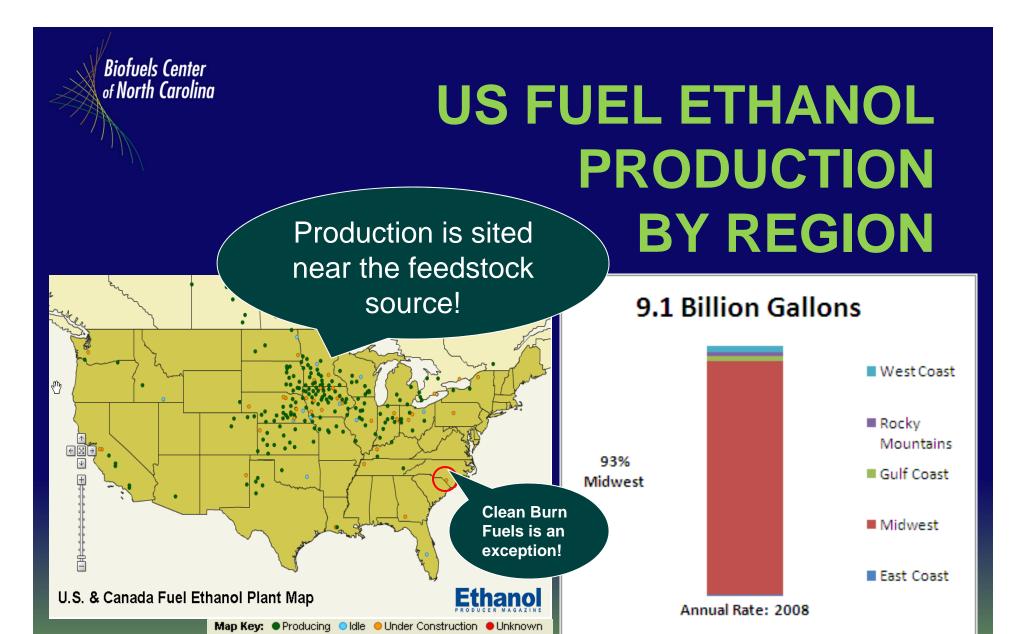


# US Fuel Ethanol Consumption



# How Fuel Ethanol is Used in the US Market





Source: http://www.ethanolproducer.com/plantmap/

http://topto.eia.doe.gov/dpay/pet/pet\_ppp\_oxy\_a\_EPOOXE\_YOP\_mbbl\_m.htm

Energy Information Administration
Official Energy Statistics from the U.S. Government

US Biodiesel Production by Region

Production is generally sited at the feedstock source, but port and rail sites are feasible!



Source: http://www.biodieselmagazine.com/plantmap/

#### **Top 10 States**

- L lowa 351.5 Mgy
- 2. Texas 265 Mgy
- 3. Illinois 199 Mgy
- 4. Alabama 155 Mgy
- 5. New Jersey 134 Mgy
- 6. Indiana 130 Mgy
- 7. Washington 116 Mgy
- 8. Nevada 109 Mgy
- 9. Missouri 107 Mgy
- 10. North Dakota 93 Mgy

Oct. 2007 - BBI International



# Feedstocks for Biofuels



#### **Feedstock Terms**

Generation 1 – Technology available today

Generation 1.5 – Promising technologies under development

Generation 2.0 – Technologies needing further development



#### Potential Crops for Cellulosic Ethanol or Green Gasoline



# Potential Crops for Biodiesel

Soybeans – "benchmark" Waste vegetable oil Rendered animal fat Canola/rape seed Peanuts





## Biofuels Feedstock Development Plots

- Introduce biofuels crops to the forestry/farming community
- Analyze crop performance at several locations
  - Gather data
  - Tillage
  - Soil types
- Explore harvesting techniques



# **Generation 2.0 Cellulosic Energy Crops**



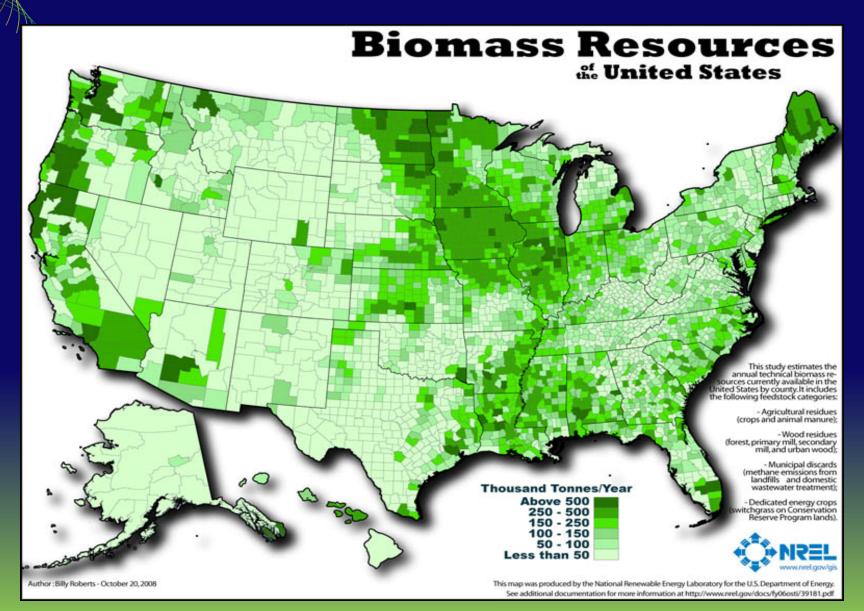
#### **Woody Biomass**

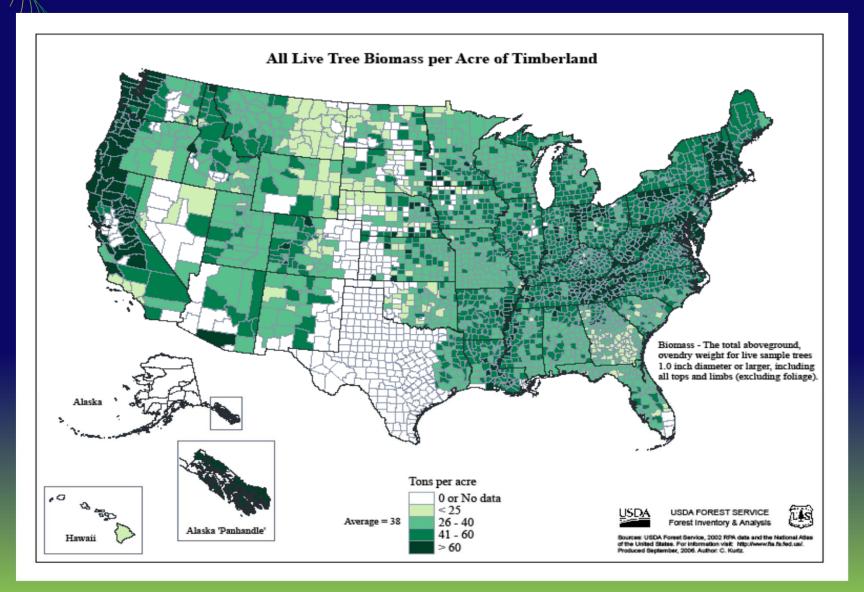
- Experimenting with "fast-growing" trees
- Harvesting techniques
- •Reduced lignin content



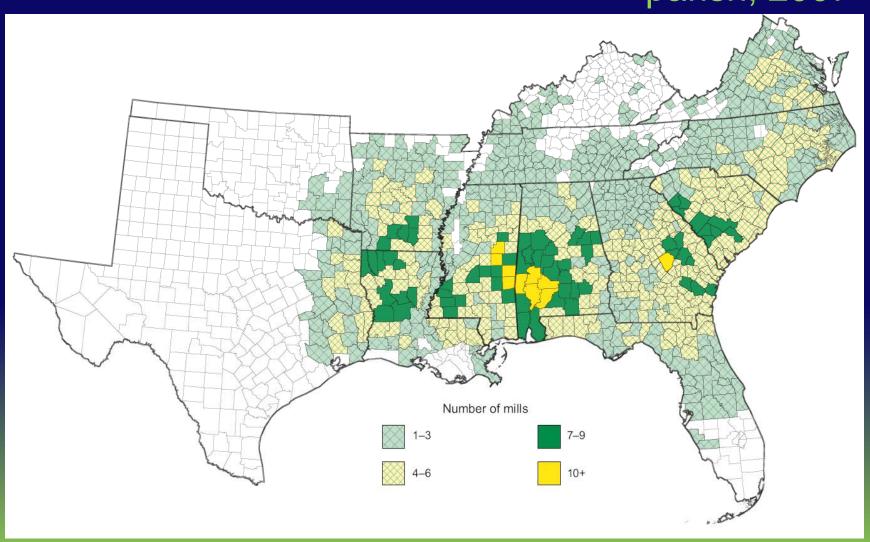
## FOREST RESIDUE HOLDS ONE OF THE LARGEST POTENTIALS FOR BIOFUELS DEVELOPMENT



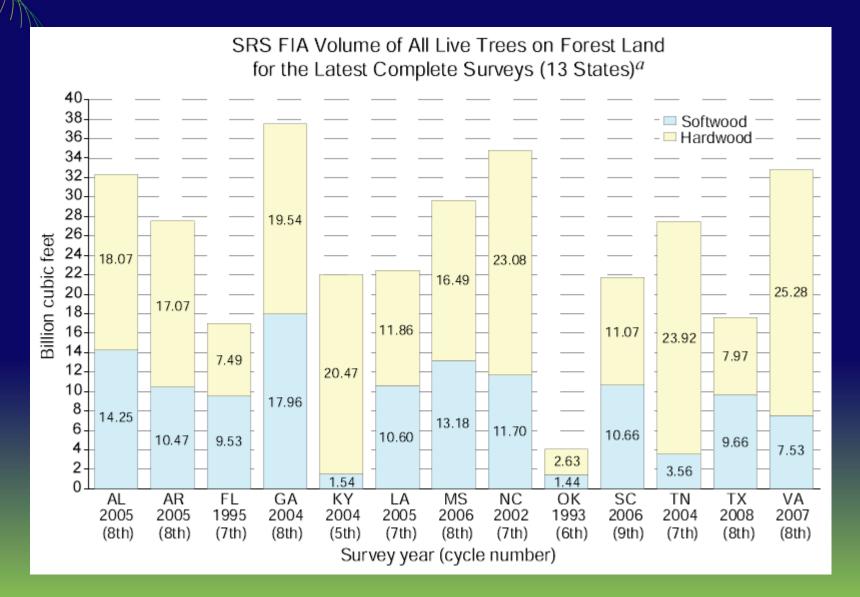




# Number of mills competing for softwood roundwood by county or parish, 2007







#### **Building Cellulosic Ethanol**

#### U.S. and Canada Cellulosic Ethanol Plants - Operating, Planned, or Under Construction

#### **Under Construction or Planned:**

- Abengoa Bloenergy | Hugoton, KS
   Capacity: 13-15 mmgy | Feedstock: Various sources | Plant type: Commercial
- 2 AE Biofuels | Buffe, MT | Feedstock: Multiple sources Flant type: Small-scale commercial
- 3 Alltech | Springfield, CY | Capacity: 10 mmgy | Feedstock: Multiple sources Plant type: Smal-scale commercial | Production start: Late 2009
- Agrest Biofuels | Pike County, KY | Capacity: 20 mmgv
   Feedstock: Municipal waste | Plant type: Commercial | Production start: 2010
- Stueffie Ethanol, Inc. | Southern CA| Capacity, 17,5 mmgy feedstock; Municipal waste | Float type; Commercial
- SlueFire Ethanol, Inc. | Lancoster, CA | Capacity: 3.1 mmgy Feedstock: Municipal waste | Flant type: Commercial
- Catalyst Renewables Corp. | Lyansdale, NY Capacity: N/A | Feedstock: Woodchips
- O Clemson University Restoration Institute | North Charleston, SC Feedslock: Multiple sources | Plant type: Pilat | Production Start: 2011
- Cosketa | Modisor, FA | Capacity: 10,000 gpy
  Feedstock: Multiple sources | Plant type: Pilot
- 10 DuFont Danisco Cellulosic Ethanol, LLC | Vonore, TN | Capacity: 250,000 gpy Feedslock: Multiple sources | Plant type: Pilot
- 11 Ecelin, LLC | Washington, KY | Capacity: 1.3 mmgy Feedslock: Comicobs | Plant type: Commercial
- 12 Hambeau River Bictuels, LLC | Park Falls, WI Capacity: 6 mmgy | Feedstock: Wood waste | Plant type: Commercial
- 13 Greenfield Ethanol | Edmonton, AB | Capacity: 36 million liters py feedstock: Municipal waste | Plant type: Commercial | Production start: 2010
- Guf Coast Energy | Mossy Head, FL.
  Capacity: 70 mmgy | Feedstock: Wood waste | Flant type: Commercial
- 15 ICM, Inc. | St. Joseph, MO | Capacity: 1.5 mmg/ Feedslock: Switchgrass, sorgitum, stores, forage | Flant type: Commercial
- 16 logen Corp. | Birch Hills, SK | Capacity: 20 mmgy Feedstock: Wheat, barley straw | Plant type: Commercial
- 17 tignol Innovations, Inc. | Commerce City, CO Capacity: 2 mmgy | Feedstack: Wood | Plant type: Pilot
- 15 Mascoma Corp. | Upper Michigan Perm. | Production Start: 2012 Capacity: 40 mmgy | Feedstock: Wood | Plant type Commercial

- 19 Mascoma Corp. | Rome, NY | Production Start: 2nd Quarter 2009 Capacity: 500,000 gpy | Feedstock: Multiple sources | Plant type: Pilot
- 23 Newtage Corp. | Wisconsin Rapids, Wi | Capacity: 5.5 mmgy Feedstock: Woody biomoss, mil residue | Plant type: Commercial
- 21 New Planet Energy Florida LLC | Indian River County, FL Feedstock: Multiple including MSW | Flant type: Commercial
- Pocific Ethanol | Boardman, OR Capacity: 2.7 mmgy | Feedstock: Mixed biomass | Plant type: Demonstration
- Pan Gen Global | Stuttgart, AR | Capacity: 12.5 mmg/ Feedstock: Rice hulls | Plant type: Commercial | Production start: 4th quarter, 2010
- POET-Project Liberty | Emmetsburg, A | Capacity: 25 mmgy Feedstock Corn cobs, fiber | Plant type: Commercial | Production start: 2011
- 25 Pure Vision Technology | Ft. Lupton, CO | Production start: 3rd quarier, 2)10 Capacity: 2 mmgy | Feedstock: Com stalks and grasses | Plant type: Pilot
- 25 Range Fuels | Treutlen County GA Capacity: 20 mmgy | feedslock: Wood waste | Plant type: Commercia
- 27 RSE Fulp & Chemical | Old Town ME | Production start: 2010
  Capacity: 2.5 mmgy | Feedstock Wood extract | Flant type: Demonstration
- 23 SunCpta Bioprocess LLC/Central Minnesota Ethanol Co-op | Little Fals, MN Capacity: 10 mmgy | Feedstock: Wood chips | Flant type: Commercial
- 29 Xethanol Corp./Southeast Biofuels | Auburndale, F.
  Capacity: 8 MMGY | Feedstack: Citrus peels | Plant type: Commercial
- 20 ZeaChem | Boardman, OR Capacity: 1.5 mmg/ Feedstock: Poplar frees, sugar, wood chips | Plant type: Commercial

#### In Operation:

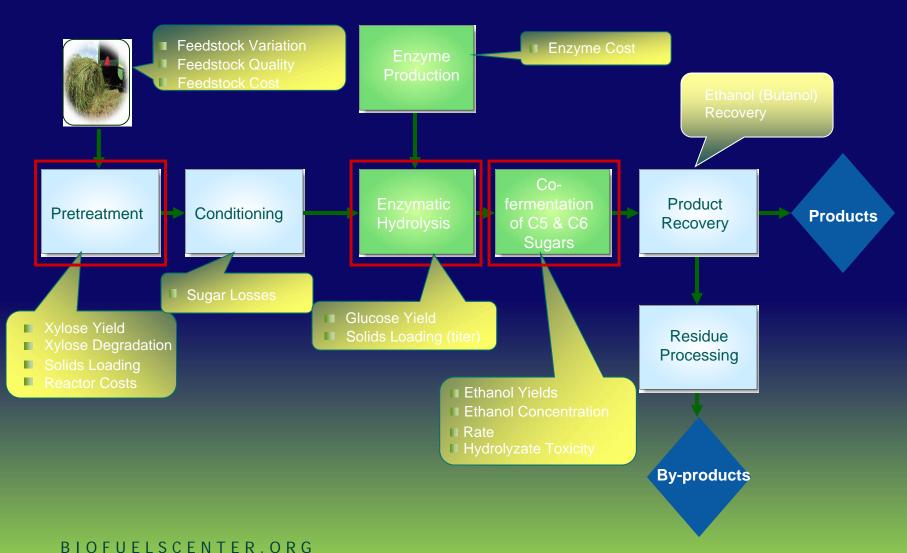
- Abergoa Bloenergy | York, NE | Plant type; Plot
   Capacity: 200,000 gpy | Feedstack: Various | Production stated: September 2007
- 32 At Biofuels | Butte, MT | Capacity: 150,000 gpy | Feedstock: Multiple sources.
  Plant type: Demonstration | Production started: August 2008
- 33 POET-Project Bell | Scatland, SD | Capacity: 20,000 gay Feedstock Com cobs, fiber | Plant Type: Piot | Production start: 4th quarter, 2008
- 34 Verenium Corp. | Jennings, UA | Copacity: I.4 mmgy Feedstock: Bagasso | Plant type: Demonstration | Production started: April 2008.
- Western Biomass Energy (KL Process) | Upton, WY | Capacity: 1.5 mmgy Feedstock: Wood waste | Plant type: Commercial | Production started: Jan. 29, 20.08
- 35 West Biofuels | San Rafael, CA | Copacity: 1.5 mmgy Feedstack: Urban waste | Plant type: Pilot | Production start: August 2008

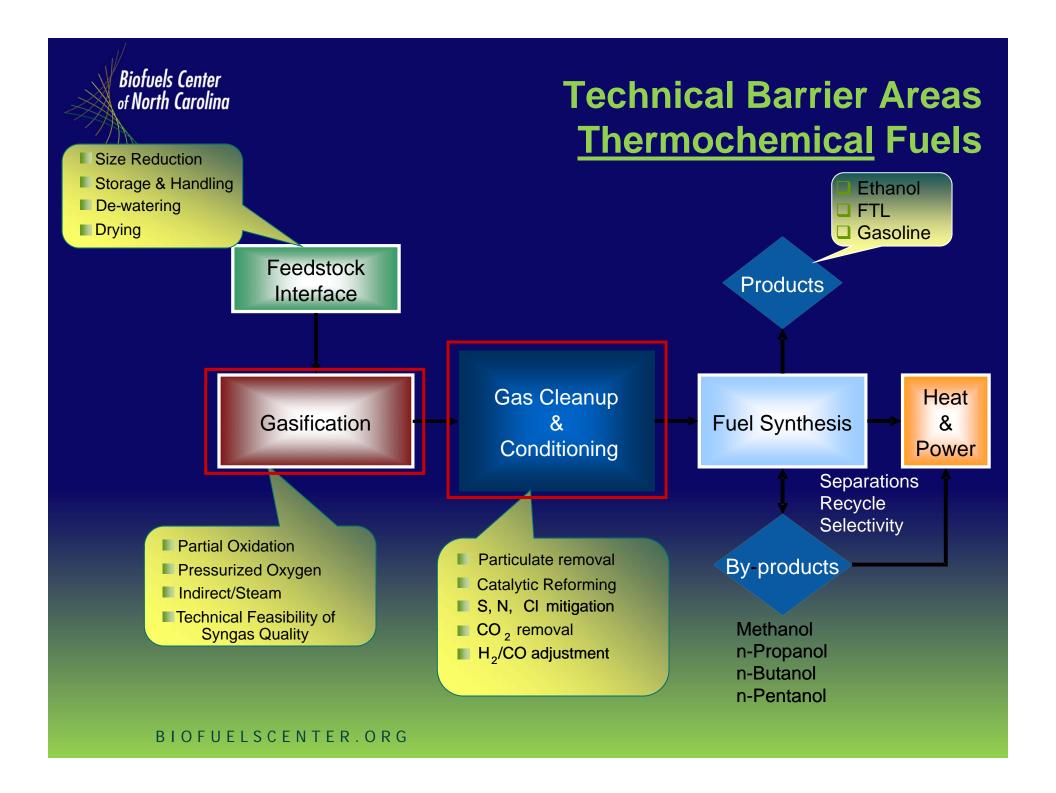
#### **Announced 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation Biofuels Plants**





#### Technical Barrier Areas Biochemical Ethanol





#### **EVERYONE IS WORKING ON BIOFUELS**





#### Needs for the Future

How can the yield of biofuels per acre be increased?

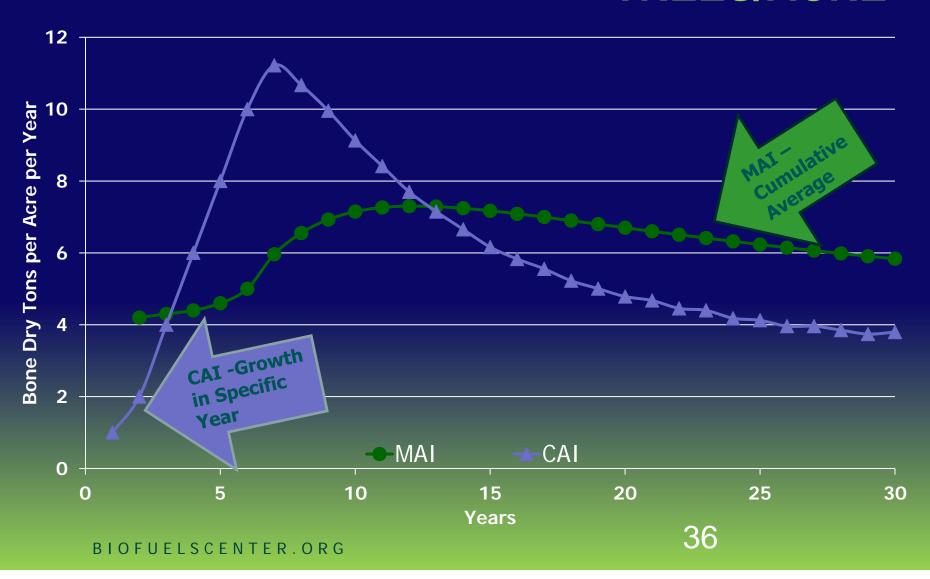
- Increase the yield of biomass feedstock per acre through continued improvement in productivity using advanced breeding, testing and selection methods combined with improved silvicultural techniques
- Increase the yield of biofuel per green ton of biomass by identifying and exploiting genetic variation in wood properties that affect processing characteristics to identify trees with higher conversion efficiencies



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# **GROWTH PATTERN, SI 85 – 1000 TREES/ACRE**





Loblolly pine can be a short-rotation crop

2.5-year-old loblolly pine at 4840 trees per acre, in Robeson Co., NC. Closely-spaced planting regimes such as this can be used to produce both feedstocks for biofuels and traditional forest products on a 20- to 30-year rotation, providing added value to landowners



## Looking to the future

#### Building partnerships to reach our goals

- NC Department of Agriculture
  - Exploring campus options
     Biodiesel production facility
- Existing companies and new start-ups
  - □ Labs □ Office space
  - □ Greenhouses□ Test plots
- Community colleges and universities
  - Student field experiences and Co-op programs
  - Integration of biofuels training into existing programs
    - Bioprocessing

Industrial Systems Maintenance

- Sustainable Agriculture
- Community members, locally and statewide



## Looking to the future

DOE grant request for renewable fuel pilot plants

- Oxford 8 ton/day plant to convert wood into green gasoline
- Durham 20 ton/day plant to convert wood into diesel fuel



## Questions

Please visit our web site at

www.biofuelscenter.org